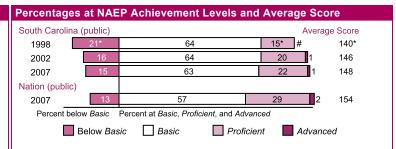
The National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) assesses writing for three purposes identified in the NAEP framework: narrative, informative, and persuasive. The NAEP writing scale ranges from 0 to 300.

Overall Writing Results for South Carolina

- In 2007, the average scale score for eighth-grade students in South Carolina was 148. This was not significantly different from their average score in 2002 (146) and was higher than their average score in 1998 (140).¹
- South Carolina's average score (148) in 2007 was lower than that of the nation's public schools (154).
- Of the 45 states and one other jurisdiction that participated in the 2007 eighth-grade assessment, students' average scale score in South Carolina was higher than those in 4 jurisdictions, not significantly different from those in 9 jurisdictions, and lower than those in 32 jurisdictions.²
- The percentage of students in South Carolina who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 23 percent in 2007. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2002 (20 percent) and was greater than that in 1998 (15 percent).
- The percentage of students in South Carolina who performed at or above the NAEP Basic level was 85 percent in 2007. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2002 (84 percent) and was greater than that in 1998 (79 percent).

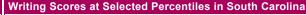


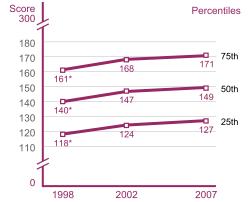
NOTE: The NAEP grade 8 writing achievement levels correspond to the following scale points: Below *Basic*, 113 or lower; *Basic*, 114–172; *Proficient*, 173–223; *Advanced*, 224 or above.

Performance of NAEP Reporting Groups in South Carolina: 2007						
	Percent	Average	Percent	Percent of students at or above		Percent
Reporting groups	of students	score	below Basic	Basic	Proficient	Advanced
Male	49	137	22	78	12	#
Female	51	159	7	93	32	1
White	55	156	9	91	30	1
Black	39	137	21	79	12	#
Hispanic	4↑	140	23	77	18	#
Asian/Pacific Islander	1	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Eligible for National School Lunch Program	50↑	139	21	79	13	#
Not eligible for National School Lunch Program	50	157	8	92	32	1

Average Score Gaps Between Selected Groups

- In 2007, male students in South Carolina had an average score that was lower than that of female students by 22 points. This performance gap was not significantly different from that of 1998 (21 points).
- In 2007, Black students had an average score that was lower than that of White students by 18 points. This performance gap was not significantly different from that of 1998 (22 points).
- In 2007, Hispanic students had an average score that was lower than that
 of White students by 16 points. Data are not reported for Hispanic students
 in 1998, because reporting standards were not met.
- In 2007, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an
 indicator of poverty, had an average score that was lower than that of
 students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch by 19
 points. This performance gap was not significantly different from that of
 1998 (23 points).
- In 2007, the score gap between students at the 75th percentile and students at the 25th percentile was 44 points. This performance gap was not significantly different from that of 1998 (43 points).





NOTE: Scores at selected percentiles on the NAEP writing scale indicate how well students at lower, middle, and higher levels performed.

Rounds to zero.

* Significantly different from 2007.

- ‡ Reporting standards not met.
- ↑ Significantly higher than 2002. ↓ Significantly lower than 2002.
- ¹ Comparisons (higher/lower/narrower/wider/not different) are based on statistical tests. The .05 level with appropriate adjustments for multiple comparisons was used for testing statistical significance. Statistical comparisons are calculated on the basis of unrounded scale scores or percentages. Comparisons across jurisdictions and comparisons with the nation or within a jurisdiction across years may be affected by differences in exclusion rates for students with disabilities (SD) and English language learners (ELL). The exclusion rates for SD and ELL in South Carolina were 3 percent and "percentage rounds to zero" in 2007, respectively. For more information on NAEP significance testing, see http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/writing/interpret-results.asp#statistical.
- ² "Jurisdiction" refers to states, the District of Columbia, and the Department of Defense Education Activity schools.
- NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free and reduced-price lunches, and the "Unclassified" category for race/ethnicity are not displayed. Visit http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/states/ for additional results and detailed information.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1998, 2002, and 2007 Writing Assessments.